

Start Application: Approximate day and time, may otange based on circumstances and weather conditions	SF City Dept.	Product Name	Active Ingredients	EPA Registration #	Address of Pesticide use	Justification for use	Explanation of Efforts to Find Alternatives	Strategy to Prevent Future Exemptions	End Date of ALLOWED Pesticide Use	Hazard Tier	Limitations	SFE Comments
9/29/2025-10/04/2025, Midnight-0200 and 0400-0600	Parks and Open Spaces	EZ-JECT: Copperhead Herbicide Shells, or Garlon 4 Ultra via foam dauber	Imazapyr, via trunk injection or Triclopyr, via foam dauber	83220-2, 62719-527	All center medians on Airport Road	Persitent Noxious tree management	Efforts have been take to remove small individuals by hand and with a weed wrench, which works well, but is labor and financially intensive. Mechanical weeding removes upper foliage, but does not cause mortality on larger individuals, and creates uncontrolled epicormic growth.	This species may never be controlled effectively with non chemical means, though targeting small individuals early on may reduce the massive stumps with epicormic growth. Our strategy will be to keep herbicide applications to a minimum while maintaining action thresholds. The city will continue to prioritize non-chemical management.	Wednesday, December 31, 2025	Caution for both	This application is for four noxious tree species: Ulmus Pumilla, Ailanthus Altissima, Eleagnus angustifolia and Tamarix Spp.	This is a pilot program intended to explore the intensification of management for invasive trees on medians. The goals of this project are to decrease maintenance in order to maintain visibility safety, prevent weed spread, promote native species and improve median aesthetics.
10/6/2025-10/11/2025, Midnight-0200 and 0400-0600	Parks and Open Spaces	EZ-JECT: Copperhead Herbicide Shells, or Garlon 4 Ultra via foam dauber	Imazapyr, via trunk injection or Triclopyr, via foam dauber	83220-2, 62719-527	All center medians on Rodeo Road	Persitent Noxious tree management	Efforts have been take to remove small individuals by hand and with a weed wrench, which works well, but is labor and financially intensive. Mechanical weeding removes upper foliage, but does not cause mortality on larger individuals, and creates uncontrolled epicormic growth.	This species may never be controlled effectively with non chemical means, though targeting small individuals early on may reduce the massive stumps with epicormic growth. Our strategy will be to keep herbicide applications to a minimum while maintaining action thresholds. The city will continue to prioritize non-chemical management.	Wednesday, December 31, 2025	Caution for both	This application is for four noxious tree species: Ulmus Pumilla, Ailanthus Altissima, Eleagnus angustifolia and Tamarix Spp.	This is a pilot program intended to explore the intensification of management for invasive trees on medians. The goals of this project are to decrease maintenance in order to maintain visibility safety, prevent weed spread, promote native species and improve median aesthetics.
10/13/2025-10/18/2025, Midnight-0200 and 0400-0600	Parks and Open Spaces	EZ-JECT: Copperhead Herbicide Shells, or Garlon 4 Ultra via foam dauber	Imazapyr, via trunk injection or Triclopyr, via foam dauber	83220-2, 62719-527	All center medians on Zia Road	Persitent Noxious tree management	Efforts have been take to remove small individuals by hand and with a weed wrench, which works well, but is labor and financially intensive. Mechanical weeding removes upper foliage, but does not cause mortality on larger individuals, and creates uncontrolled epicormic growth.	This species may never be controlled effectively with non chemical means, though targeting small individuals early on may reduce the massive stumps with epicormic growth. Our strategy will be to keep herbicide applications to a minimum while maintaining action thresholds. The city will continue to prioritize non-chemical management.	Wednesday, December 31, 2025	Caution for both	This application is for four noxious tree species: Ulmus Pumilla, Ailanthus Altissima, Eleagnus angustifolia and Tamarix Spp.	This is a pilot program intended to explore the intensification of management for invasive trees on medians. The goals of this project are to decrease maintenance in order to maintain visibility safety, prevent weed spread, promote native species and improve median aesthetics.
10/20/2025-10/25/2025, Midnight-0200 and 0400-0600	Parks and Open Spaces	EZ-JECT: Copperhead Herbicide Shells, or Garlon 4 Ultra via foam dauber	Imazapyr, via trunk injection or Triclopyr, via foam dauber	83220-2, 62719-527	All center medians on Saint Francis road	Persitent Noxious tree management	Efforts have been take to remove small individuals by hand and with a weed wrench, which works well, but is labor and financially intensive. Mechanical weeding removes upper foliage, but does not cause mortality on larger individuals, and creates uncontrolled epicormic growth.	This species may never be controlled effectively with non chemical means, though targeting small individuals early on may reduce the massive stumps with epicormic growth. Our strategy will be to keep herbicide applications to a minimum while maintaining action thresholds. The city will continue to prioritize non-chemical management.	Wednesday, December 31, 2025	Caution for both	This application is for four noxious tree species: Ulmus Pumilla, Ailanthus Altissima, Eleagnus angustifolia and Tamarix Spp.	This is a pilot program intended to explore the intensification of management for invasive trees on medians. The goals of this project are to decrease maintenance in order to maintain visibility safety, prevent weed spread, promote native species and improve median aesthetics.
10/27/2025-10/31/2025, Midnight-0200 and 0400-0600	Parks and Open Spaces	EZ-JECT: Copperhead Herbicide Shells, or Garlon 4 Ultra via foam dauber	Imazapyr, via trunk injection or Triclopyr, via foam dauber	83220-2, 62719-527	All center medians on Cerrillos Road segment 1 (Montezuma to Saint Michaels)	Persitent Noxious tree management	Efforts have been take to remove small individuals by hand and with a weed wrench, which works well, but is labor and financially intensive. Mechanical weeding removes upper foliage, but does not cause mortality on larger individuals, and creates uncontrolled epicormic growth.	This species may never be controlled effectively with non chemical means, though targeting small individuals early on may reduce the massive stumps with epicormic growth. Our strategy will be to keep herbicide applications to a minimum while maintaining action thresholds. The city will continue to prioritize non-chemical management.	Wednesday, December 31, 2025	Caution for both	This application is for four noxious tree species: Ulmus Pumilla, Ailanthus Altissima, Eleagnus angustifolia and Tamarix Spp.	This is a pilot program intended to explore the intensification of management for invasive trees on medians. The goals of this project are to decrease maintenance in order to maintain visibility safety, prevent weed spread, promote native species and improve median aesthetics.