1	CITY OF SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO
2	RESOLUTION NO. 2022-61
3	INTRODUCED BY:
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5	Councilor Carol Romero-Wirth
6	Councilor Jamie Cassutt
7	Councilwoman Renee Villarreal
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10	A RESOLUTION
11	CALLING ON THE NEW MEXICO STATE LEGISLATURE TO TAKE ACTION
12	DURING THE 2023 LEGISLATIVE SESSION TO END DRIVER'S LICENSE
13	SUSPENSIONS FOR FAILURE TO PAY AND FAILURE TO APPEAR.
14	
15	WHEREAS, New Mexico currently permits suspending a person's driver's licenses for
16	nonpayment of fines and fees unrelated to dangerous driving, with no assessment of a person's
17	ability to pay; and
18	WHEREAS, according to the New Mexico office of the Fines and Fees Justice Center
19	("FFJC"), as of August, 2022, well over 249,000 individuals cannot legally drive in New Mexico
20	because of a suspended license for failure to appear or failure to pay from 2018 to the present; and
21	WHEREAS, according to data from the FFJC, the overwhelming majority of driver license
22	suspensions bear no relation to the driver's ability or skill to continue driving, but, rather, are due
23	to nonpayment of court-related fees, service charges, fines, and associated court costs; and
24	WHEREAS, thirty (30) days after a person fails to (i) make a payment on court fees or
25	fines, (ii) appear at a scheduled hearing, or (iii) comply with the terms of a payment plan entered
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1	into with the court, the person faces an indefinite suspension of their driver's license; and
2	WHEREAS, New Mexico's suspension policies are counterproductive to the ostensible
3	purpose of ensuring payment and attending court hearings; and
4	WHEREAS, once a person's license is suspended, employment opportunities are difficult
5	to access, making it harder to pay off the fines and fees that triggered suspension in the first place;
6	and
7	WHEREAS, businesses suffer when workers cannot reliably get to their jobs or are forced
8	to quit because they cannot do their jobs without a license; and
9	WHEREAS, according to a New Jersey Department of Transportation report, driver's
10	license suspension can lead to total job loss and severely impact a person's ability to undertake
11	essential tasks, such as attending school, caring for children, accessing medical care, or meeting
12	basic needs like grocery shopping; and
13	WHEREAS, suspending driver's licenses for unpaid fines and fees does not have a known
14	relationship to increased traffic safety or public safety; and
15	WHEREAS, evidence suggests the contrary: rather than being used directly on public
16	safety enforcement, resources are used to arrest and prosecute people who drive while their license
17	is suspended for non-payment or a missed court hearing; and
18	WHEREAS, according to American Association of Motor Vehicle Administrators
19	("AAMVA") data, reforms to driver's license suspension policies in other states have resulted in
20	significant savings, for example in Georgia, a state that has documented a savings of \$100,000 in
21	the first three years following repeal of its suspension law; and
22	WHEREAS, according to data compiled by the FFJC, analysis of said data demonstrates
23	that low-income individuals and people of color are most affected by driver's license suspensions;
24	and
25	WHEREAS, pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 66-5-32(C), people returning to their
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communities from incarceration must pay off what can amount to hundreds, and sometimes
 thousands, of dollars in fines, fees, and costs before they are eligible to have their driver's license
 reinstated, and often leave custody with their licenses already suspended; and

WHEREAS, eliminating license suspensions for non-highway safety violations will significantly reduce the administrative and fiscal burden on state and local agencies, law enforcement, and the courts, by reducing caseloads and administrative time, and lessen the unintended harmful impact on our communities; and

8 WHEREAS, several states, including, but not limited to, California, Kentucky, Oregon,
9 Virginia, and Wyoming, do not penalize drivers by suspending their licenses for failure to pay fees,
10 fines, and costs; and

WHEREAS, many other states and jurisdictions such as Georgia, Maine, Colorado,
Vermont, Nevada, Arizona, Texas, and Washington, D.C. have enacted legislation, many of them
recently, eliminating the automatic suspension of licenses due to non-payment of fees, fines, and
costs that are unrelated to traffic violations; and

WHEREAS, systems of justice should not be funded by counterproductive fees and fines
that undermine justice, fairness, and equity; and

WHEREAS, on July 13th, 2022 the Governing Body adopted Ordinance No. 2022-11 that
prohibits Santa Fe Municipal Court from notifying the New Mexico Motor Vehicle Division when
a person fails to pay a penalty assessment within the required period of time.

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NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE CITY OF SANTA FE that the Governing Body calls on the Governor of New Mexico and the

New Mexico State Legislature to take action during the 2023 legislation session to end driver's
license suspensions for failure to appear and failure to pay.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the City Clerk shall forward a copy of this resolution
to the Governor of New Mexico, the Santa Fe Legislative Delegation, the New Mexico Municipal

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1	League, and the City's lobbyist.
2	PASSED, APPROVED, and ADOPTED this 26th day of October, 2022.
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4	Ann
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6	ALAN WEBBER, MAYOR
7	ATTEST:
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9	Krusten Thile
10	KRISTINE MIHELCIC, CITY CLERK
11	APPROVED AS TO FORM:
12	Emi MEDy
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14	ERIN K. McSHERRY, CITY ATTORNEY
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25	Legislation/2022/Resolutions/2022-61 Driver's License Suspension Reform Support
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